## **Proven Basic Model for Small Parts**

High efficiency aluminum melting and holding furnace for a melting capacity of 400 kg/h or less

経済産業大臣賞 受賞 The 8th New JSPMI Prize Minister's prize from the METI

第8回 新機械振興賞

Higher Melting Capacity for Large Parts Utilizing our Accumulated Technology



### Table of specifications

Model		DMF-200	DMF-200S	DMF-380	IMF-600	IMF-1000
Melting method		Individual melting / Tower system				
Melting capacity (kg/H)		200		380	600	1,000
Holding capacity (kg)		280		500	1,500	2,500
External dimensions	Width (mm)	2,500		3,100	4,000	5,000
	Depth (mm)	2,000		2,400	3,000	3,150
	Height (mm)	1,665	1,710	1,800	2,400	3,300
Loading gate size	Width (mm)	300	400	500	600	750
	Depth (mm)	200	300	300	350	400
Ladling gate size	Width (mm)	380		400	450	500
	Depth (mm)	420		550	650	800
	Depth (mm)	180		200	330	430
Burner capacity	(kw)	116		116	233	349
	Melting (kcal/h)	100,000		100,000	200,000	300,000
	(quantity)	1		2	2	2
	(kw)		35	35	35	58
	Dross (kcal/h)		30,000	30,000	30,000	50,000
	(quantity)		1	1	1	1
	(kw)	58		58	116	174
	Holding (kcal/h)	50,000		50,000	100,000	150,000
	(quantity)	1		1	1	1
Control unit / Function		Smart Furnace / Flow control, exhaust control, synchronized control of peripherals				



#### Headquarters

Okuda-shin-machi 12-3, Toyama City, Toyama Prefecture Zip 930-8512 PMO Hatchobori 8F, Hatchobori 3-chome 22-13, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo Zip 104-0032 TEL.076-441-2201 FAX.076-441-6645 E-mail kouro@miyamoto-k.co.jp

Osaka Branch Office, Sapporo Branch Office, Tohoku Branch Office, Nagoya Branch Office, Hiroshima Branch Office, Shikoku Branch Office, Kyushu Branch Office, Kurobe Factory

Diecast Aluminum Melting and Holding Furnaces





Diecast Melting Furnace





High performance while saving energy and space





TEL.03-3553-2811 FAX.03-3553-2814 E-mail tokvo-k@mivamoto-k.co.jp

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# Solutions for Challenges in Aluminum Production Sites! High efficiency individual aluminum melting and holding furnaces in pursuit of thermal efficiency, molten aluminum quality, and working environment improvement

Most of conventional aluminum melting and holding furnaces have challenges in thermal efficiency or molten aluminum quality as well as working environment, which have been managed by skilled workers on site.

The DMF and IMF furnaces offered by MIYAMOTO KOGYOSHO are revolutionary aluminum melting and holding furnaces for aluminum die casting, which can overcome those challenges in aluminum production sites.





### Waste reduction in synchronization with die casting machine

The DMF and IMF furnaces can melt hot-return and new materials as much as needed according to the casting cycle of the die casting machine. Precise thermal control helps to achieve safe and clean working environment and supply high quality molten aluminum



## Combustion under Flow Control • • •



Combustion is under flow control so that the burner can operate in the optimum combustion area. The amount of combustible air and fuel flow rate are measured to control the air ratio according to the theoretical air needed to burn

# Melting Feedback Control • • •



## Air Sealing Mechanism • • •



Air sealing mechanism is equipped to improve the thermal efficiency as well as to ensure a clean working environment. An air curtain fan and exhaust gas exit are installed near the material loading gate of the tower system to achieve air sealing at the loading gate. In addition, an exhaust fan is provided to control air suction according to the combustion amount and furnace operating conditions.

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### [Advantages of this system]

•Having door at the loading gate is unneccessary because there is no exhaust gas blowing from the loading gate, which improves the working environment. •When cleaning inside the furnace, the work load can be reduced since there is no hot air blowing from the opening during the cleaning.

•Since exhaust gas is forcibly sucked, the gas can flow through materials even if the filling amount is large so that a high preheating effect can be obtained.



the fuel. In addition, the double cross limit control function stabilizes the air ratio (1.05 to 1.1) even if the combustion output fluctuates, improving thermal efficiency and suppressing oxidation of materials.

\* Air ratio can be set as required

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Melting feedback control is employed to stabilize material preheating, and melt and hold as much material as needed. A material level sensor is attached to the tower system to control the filling amount of material, and a molten aluminum level sensor is attached to the ladling gate to control the output of the melting burner.

### [ Advantages of this system ]

•By keeping the filling amount constant, the material preheating is stabilized, improving the thermal efficiency.

Changes in the molten aluminum level are detected so as to melt only the consumed amount to avoid wasteful heating. Since the molten aluminum level is kept constant, the heat transfer area in the holding chamber and ladling gate is maximized, which improves the heat transfer efficiency and melting temperature accuracy (melting temperature accuracy ± 5°C). Furthermore, when the heat transfer efficiency is improved, the ambient temperature in the holding chamber can be reduced, which suppresses oxide generation due to high temperature

## Other Features • • •



### Material loading gate

Thanks to air sealing mechanism, there is no need to attach a door. Casting and loading cycles can be shortened. At the same time, there no exhaust gas blowing from the material working environment.

are arranged compactly around the burner.

This combustion system ensures optimum

efficiency but also environment and safety.



#### Melting shelf

Materials are melted on the melting shelf in the melting chamber. Burner flames are effectively directed to the materials to achieve high melting loading gate, which improves the efficiency and prevent insufficient melting of materials.



### Combustion system with flow control Holding chamber

Combustion devices for flow control and safety The holding chamber has a structure that ensures an excellent temperature distribution and heat transfer to molten aluminum, and combustion in consideration of not only thermal has the lining of ultra-low-cement refractory castables, like the melting chamber, in order to ensure high molten aluminum quality.



### Dross trap

A dross trap in the form of multi-level slopes is provided. Molten aluminum is separated from dross and only clean molten aluminum is transferred to the holding chamber. Ultra-low-cement refractory castables are formed for the lining, ensuring durability, wettability and ease of cleaning.



### Ladling gate

A molten aluminum level sensor is provided at the ladling gate to keep the level constant (melting feedback control). Since the molten aluminum level rarely fluctuates, less oxide is attached to the lading gate so that clean molten aluminum can be supplied.

